

The State of Your Health: Nebraska

Key Health Facts

	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
Total Population	1,774,571	N/A	301,621,157
Uninsured, % All Americans (2006)	12.3	31	15.8%
Uninsured, % Children (2006)	10.1	22	11.7%

Adult Health Indicators	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
AIDS Cumulative Cases, 13 & Older (2005)	1,366	42	916,435
Alzheimer's Estimated Cases (2000)	33,000	35	4,707,400
Asthma Rates, % Adults (2004-06 average)	10.6% (+/- 0.6)	48	N/A [^]
Cancer, Estimated New Cases (2008)	8,710	36	1,437,180
Chlamydia: Rates per 100,000 Population (2006)	308.6	31	347.8
Human West Nile Virus: New Cases (2007)	144	8	3510
Syphilis: Rates per 100,000 Population (2006)	0.4	47	3.3
Tobacco: % of Adult Current Smokers (2004-06 average)	20.1% (+/- 0.7)	30	N/A [^]
Tuberculosis, Number of Cases (2006)	25	42	13,767

*Note: For rankings, 1 = Worst Health Outcome. 1 = Most AIDS Cases; Highest Rates of Alzheimer's; Highest Rates of Asthma; Most New Cases of Cancer; Highest Rates of Chlamydia; Most Cases of West Nile Virus; Highest Rates of Syphilis; Highest Rates of Current Smokers; Most Cases of Tuberculosis.

[^]Note: BRFSS data is not an accurate source of national-level data.

Child and Adolescent Health	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
-----------------------------	----------	------	------

Facts			
AIDS Cumulative Cases, under 13 (2005)	11	40	9,025
Asthma Rates, % High School Students (2005)	19.2% (+/- 1.8)	22	N/A^
Immunization Gap, Children Aged 19-35 Months without All Immunizations (2006)	25.1%	18	23.0%
Infant Mortality per 1,000 Live Births (2005)	5.7	41	6.9
Low Birth Weight Babies (2006)	7.1%	36	8.3%
Pre-Term Labor, % of Live Births Born Pre-Term (2005)	12.2	29	12.7%
Tobacco: % of High School Student Current Smokers (2005)	21.8% (+/- 2.5)	18	N/A^
*Note: For rankings, 1 = Worst Health Outcome. 1 = Most AIDS Cases; Highest Rates of Asthma; Highest Rates of Not-Properly-Immunized Babies; Most Cases of Infant Mortality; Most Low Birth Weight Babies; Most Pre-Term Labor Babies; Highest Rates of Current Smokers.			
^Note: YBRSS data is not an accurate source of national-level data.			

Other Public Health Indicators	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
Health Professions Shortage Areas - Primary Care (FY 2007)	72	36	5596
Health Professions Shortage Areas - Mental Health (FY 2007)	18	44	2601
Health Professions Shortage Areas - Dental Care (FY 2007)	31	41	3547
Nursing Shortage Estimates (2010)	-2,400	34	-405,800

*Note: For rankings, 1 = Worst Health Outcome. 1 = Highest Number of Primary Care HPSAs; 1 = Highest Number of Mental Health HPSAs; 1 = Highest Number of Dental Care HPSAs; 1 = Largest Nursing Shortage Estimate

F as in Fat 2007 Key Facts	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
Obesity Rates, % Adults (2004-06)	25.4% (+/-	18	N/A^

average)	0.8)		
Hypertension Rates, % Adults (2001-05 average)	23.6% (+/- 0.8)	42	N/A^
Diabetes Rates, % Adults (2004-06 average)	7.0% (+/- 0.4)	31	N/A^
Adult Physical Inactivity: (2004-06 average)	22.1% (+/- 0.7)	32	N/A^
Overweight: High School Students (2005)	11.0% (+/- 1.2)	N/A	N/A^^
Childhood Overweight (2004)	11.9%	41	14.8%
Medical Costs of Obesity, Per Capita (2003)	\$261	24	\$258
<p>*Note: For rankings, 1 = Worst Health Outcome. 1 = Highest Rates of Obesity; Highest Rates of Hypertension; Highest Rates of Diabetes; Highest Rates of Physical Inactivity; Highest Number of Overweight High School Students; Highest Number of Overweight Children; Highest Medical Costs Associated with Obesity.</p> <p>^Note: BRFSS data is not an accurate source of national-level data.</p> <p>^^ Note: YBRSS data is not an accurate source of national-level data.</p>			

Public Health Preparedness

Ready or Not 2007 Emergency Preparedness Indicators	State Achieved Indicator	Total Number of States Achieving Indicator
1. Has adequate plans to distribute emergency vaccines, antidotes and medical supplies from the Strategic National Stockpile	Y	40 + D.C.
2. Has purchased a portion of its share of federally-subsidized or unsubsidized antivirals to use during a pandemic flu	Y	43 + D.C.
3. Has sufficient laboratory capabilities to test for biological threats	Y	44
4. Can provide 24/7 laboratory coverage to analyze samples	Y	49
5. Uses a surveillance system compatible with the CDC's National Electronic Disease Surveillance System	Y	38 + D.C.
6. Has laws that extend liability shields to	Y	29 + D.C.

healthcare volunteers in a public health emergency

7. Held emergency preparedness exercises in 2007 with health department officials and National Guard Y 50 + D.C.

8. Has at least 14 Medical Reserve Corps Volunteers per 100,000 citizens Y 37 + D.C.

9. Increased or maintained seasonal flu vaccination rate of adults age 65 and older Y 39 + D.C.

10. Increased or maintained level of funding for public health services from FY 2005-06 to FY 2006-07 Y 44 + D.C.

Total State Score 10

*Note: 0 is the worst possible score. 10 is a perfect score.

Pandemic Preparedness Key Facts	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
Potential # of Deaths During a Severe Pandemic	14,000	34	2,250,000
Potential # of Episodes of Illness During a Severe Pandemic	520,000	38	87,750,000
Potential Financial Loss During a Severe Pandemic, % of GDP	6.22%	5	5.51%
Potential Financial Loss During a Severe Pandemic, \$ amount	\$4.4 Billion	N/A	\$683 Billion

*Note: For rankings, 1 = Worst Outcome. 1 = Highest Number of Potential Deaths; Highest Number of Potential Sick Workers; Highest Financial Losses.

Public Health Funding Facts

	Nebraska (Per Capita)	Rank	U.S. (Per Capita)
Federal Funding for Public Health - from U.S. Centers for Disease Control (CDC) FY 2007	\$34,988,576 (\$19.72)	34	\$5,198,394,796 (\$17.23)
Federal Funding for Public Health - from Health Resources and	\$23,629,971 (\$13.32)	37	\$5,156,063,793 (\$17.09)

Services Administration (HRSA)
FY 2007

Federal Funding for Public Health
- from Office of the Assistant
Secretary for Preparedness and
Response (ASPR) for the Hospital
Preparedness Program (HPP) FY
2007

Secretary for Preparedness and Response (ASPR) for the Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) FY 2007	\$2,741,751 (\$1.55)	14	\$430,032,000 (\$1.43)
State Funding for Public Health FY 2006-2007	\$63,008,127 (\$35.51)	25	N/A (33.26)^

*Note: For rankings, 1= Most Funding. 1 = Highest Level of CDC Funding Per Capita; Highest Level of HRSA Funding Per Capita; Highest ASPR Funding Per Capita; Highest State Funding for Public Health.

^Note: National median.

CDC Programs (FY 2007)	Nebraska	U.S.
Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)	N/A	\$14,927,125
Birth Defects and Developmental Disabilities	\$155,850	\$73,293,640
Cancer	\$5,146,212	\$208,323,862
Chronic Disease Prevention/Health Promotion	\$867,319	\$215,189,095
Diabetes	\$413,173	\$38,164,691
Environmental Health	\$25,750	\$64,572,567
Heart Disease	\$382,770	\$29,682,402
HIV/AIDS	\$467,373	\$408,575,314
Immunization (Sect. 317 & Vaccines for Children Program)	\$14,737,766	\$1,972,274,177
Infectious Diseases	\$393,436	\$49,690,051
Injury and Violence Prevention	\$369,679	\$86,699,644
Nutrition and Physical Activity	N/A	\$16,738,627
Occupational Safety and Health	\$340,000	\$34,484,107
Pandemic Flu	\$1,457,985	\$207,000,302
Preventive Health & Health Services Block Grant	\$1,606,491	\$36,879,917
School Health	\$143,584	\$27,788,680

Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD)	\$451,852	\$99,946,274
Tobacco	\$1,363,673	\$57,503,707
Terrorism Preparedness & Emergency Response	\$5,966,406	\$641,999,022
Tuberculosis	\$202,954	\$74,021,116

HRSA Programs (FY 2007)	Nebraska	U.S.
Health Professions	\$3,143,900	\$271,573,655
HIV/AIDS	\$3,011,737	\$2,153,976,946
Maternal & Child Health	\$6,919,285	\$773,699,224
Primary Health Care	\$6,077,145	\$1,777,973,328

ASPR Programs (FY 2007)	Nebraska	U.S.
Hospital Preparedness Program	\$2,741,751	\$430,032,000.00

Related State Economic Facts	Nebraska	Rank	U.S.
Gross Domestic Product (2005)	\$70.7 billion	37	\$12.4 trillion
Median Family Income (2006)	\$56,940	25	\$58,526
% Living in Poverty, 2003-2005 3 Yr. Ave.	9.6% (+/- 1.3)	40	12.6%

*Note: For rankings, for GDP and Median Income, 1 = best rating. For Rate of People Living in Poverty, 1 = worst rating. 1 = Highest GDP; Highest Median Income; Highest Rates of People Living in Poverty.

Top 5 State Industries (Based on % of GDP):

1. Government
2. Manufacturing
3. Real Estate, Rental, and Leasing
4. Finance and Insurance
5. Transportation and Warehousing